CLAIMS:

1. A method of harvesting a section of an artery from a body comprising the following steps:

providing a dissection cannula having a lumen and an endoscope inserted into said lumen;

inserting said dissection cannula through an incision in the body; advancing said dissection cannula alongside the artery to dissect with said dissection cannula to create a space in body tissue, the space being at least partially occupied by said dissection cannula;

viewing via said endoscope;

providing a dissection tool separate from said dissection cannula;
dissecting surrounding tissue from the artery by moving the dissection tool along the artery.

- 2. The method of claim 1 wherein said dissection cannula further comprises a balloon and said balloon is inserted into the body and inflated to cause additional dissection over that caused by the dissection cannula.
- 3. The method of claim 2 wherein said balloon is inverted and inflating said balloon causes said balloon to evert and advance along the artery.
- 4. The method of claim 1 further comprising the step of ligating and dividing side branches from the artery.
- 5. A method of harvesting a section of an artery from a body comprising the following steps:

providing a dissection cannula having a lumen and an endoscope inserted into said lumen;

inserting said dissection cannula through an incision in the body; advancing said dissection cannula alongside the artery to dissect with said dissection cannula to create a space in body tissue, the space being at least partially occupied by said dissection cannula;

viewing via said endoscope;

dissecting surrounding tissue from the artery by moving a dissection tool along the artery;

removing a section of the artery.

6. A method of harvesting a section of an artery from a body comprising the following steps:

providing a blunt dissector having a lumen and an endoscope inserted into said lumen:

inserting said blunt dissector through an incision in the body;

advancing said blunt dissector alongside the artery to bluntly dissect with said blunt dissector to create a space in body tissue, the space being at least partially occupied by said blunt dissector;

viewing via said endoscope;

providing a dissection tool separate from said blunt dissector;

dissecting surrounding tissue from the artery by moving the dissection tool along the artery.

7. A method of harvesting a section of an artery from a body comprising the following steps:

providing a tunneling member having a lumen and an endoscope inserted into said lumen;

inserting said tunneling member through an incision in the body; advancing said tunneling member alongside the artery to dissect with said tunneling member to create a space in body tissue, the space being at least partially occupied by said tunneling member;

viewing via said endoscope;

providing a dissection tool separate from said tunneling member;

dissecting surrounding tissue from the artery by moving the dissection tool along the artery.

8. A method of harvesting an artery from a body comprising the following steps: providing a dissection cannula having a lumen;

inserting an endoscope into said lumen of said dissection cannula; inserting said dissection cannula through an opening in the body and positioning the dissection cannula adjacent the artery;

advancing said dissection cannula along the artery to create a space in body tissue,

the space being at least partially occupied by said cannula; monitoring the advancing of said dissection cannula via said endoscope; removing said dissection cannula from the body;

retracting the space to create a working space; inserting a trocar into the body;

inserting a dissection tool through said trocar into the working space; and moving the dissection tool along the blood vessel to separate the artery from surrounding tissue.

- 9. The method of claim 8 wherein said step of retracting the space comprises the step of inserting an insufflation port into the body and insufflating the space via said insufflation port.
- 10. The method of claim 8 further comprising the steps of inserting an endoscope into the working space and monitoring the moving of the dissection tool along the artery.
- 11. The method of claim 8 wherein said dissection cannula has an inflatable member disposed on a distal portion of said dissection cannula.

- 12. The method of claim 11 further comprising the step of inflating said inflatable member.
- 13. The method of claim 8 wherein said trocar is inserted into the body after the step of removing said dissection cannula.
- 14. The method of claim 8 wherein said trocar is inserted into the body prior to the step of inserting said dissection cannula.
- 15. The method of claim 8 wherein said dissection tool comprises an elongate rod having a hook disposed on a distal end of said rod.
- 16. The method of claim 8 wherein the step of inserting the dissection cannula into the body adjacent the artery and advancing said cannula along the artery creates a space which is occupied entirely by the cannula.
- 17. The method of claim 8 wherein the step of removing said dissection cannula results in a space occupied by body tissue.
- 18. The method of claim 8 wherein said step of inserting said endoscope into said lumen of said dissection cannula is performed prior to inserting said dissection carmula through an opening in the body.